Ngorongoro Crater is one of Africa’s and the world’s natural wonders of nature. Using the Internet or resources in your school library, visit the Ngorongoro Conservation Area in Tanzania. Report on your visit in your travel journal.

1. Describe the geography of the Ngorongoro Crater. Include size (square miles), physical features, and climate.
2. How was the Ngorongoro Crater formed?
3. Write about the wildlife you observed during your visit.
4. Who were the Datoga people and Masai people?
5. Create a postcard during your trip.

In the Arabic language the word for desert is Sahara. The Sahara is so hot that temperatures of 136 degrees F have been recorded in Al Aziziyah, Libya. The Sahara can also become very cold at night because the dry desert air loses its heat very quickly. Temperatures from day to night can change by as much as 100 degrees.