Na	Tame Date	Score		
	Chapter 4 Test on Early Growth a	nd Development in Pennsylvania		
Multiple Choice (16 pts.) Read the following statements carefully. Select and circle the most correct choice from among the choices provided.				
1.	 The greatest obstacle hindering early industria A. rivers B. people C. capital (money) D. flat land 	al growth in Pennsylvania was the lack of:		
2.	 The most important means of transporting go A. canal boats B. Conestoga wagon C. railroad D. steamboat 	oods to Pittsburgh in the 1770s was by:		
3.	 The making, moving, and selling of a good or A. freight B. industry C. manufacturing D. transportation 	service is known as:		
4.	Which state was a border state?A. TennesseeB. New JerseyC. MarylandD. Ohio			
5.	Which state was a free state?A. TennesseeB. North CarolinaC. OhioD. Virginia			

- 6. Which state was a slave state?
 - A. Iowa
 - B. Illinois
 - C. Ohio
 - D. Texas
- 7. Which geographical feature hindered transportation from going westward in PA?
 - A. Allegheny Mountains
 - B. Endless Mountains
 - C. Pocono Mountains
 - D. North and South Mountain Ranges

- 8. Northern citizens who were opposed to slavery were known as
 - A. abolitionists
 - B. industrialists
 - C. secessionists
 - D. suffragettes
- 9. All of the following terms were used for Southern soldiers **except**:
 - A. blue bellies
 - B. butternuts
 - C. confederates
 - D. secesh
- 10. The High Water Mark of the Confederacy was the:
 - A. Battle at Antietam, Maryland
 - B. Raids at Chambersburg, PA
 - C. Battle at Gettysburg, PA
 - D. Battle at Washington, D.C.
- 11. In dedicating a cemetery after a famous battle, President Lincoln's words are known as:
 - A. Lincoln's Proclamation
 - B. Gettysburg Address
 - C. Requiem of the Dead
 - D. Underground Railroad
- 12. Each person was active in the Underground Railroad except:
 - A. Lucretia Mott
 - B. John Roebling
 - C. Thaddeus Stevens
 - D. Harriet Tubman
- 13. Secret hiding places, escape roads, and conductors were phrases associated with the:
 - A. Allegheny Portage Railroad
 - B. Emancipation Proclamation
 - C. Penn Main Line Canal
 - D. Underground Railroad
- 14. Honesdale, PA and the Stourbridge Lion are known for the birthplace of the?
 - A. paddlewheel steamboat
 - B. Canal Era
 - C. railroad industry
 - D. iron smelting industry

- 15. Which river was **not** used for steamboat travel?
 - A. Hudson
 - B. Mississippi
 - C. Ohio
 - D. Susquehanna
- 16. An area in which canal boats were transported over steep mountains was called?
 - A. Allegheny Mountain Express
 - B. Allegheny Portage Railroad
 - C. Hollidaysburg Lift
 - D. Mauch Chunk Gravity Railroad

Column A

Part 1 – Matching (13 pts.) Match each person in Column B with his/her achievement in Column A by clearly writing the number in the blank space provided. Cross off each person's name as it is used. Three people will not be used from Column B.

A. U.S. Congressman strongly opposed to slavery 1. Matthias Baldwin B. Built the country's 1st oil refinery in Pittsburgh 2. James Buchanan ___ C. Improved the steam engine, led to Industrial Revolution 3. Edwin Drake ___D. President during the American Civil War 4. John Fitch E. Invented wire rope, or cable 5 Robert Fulton F. Minister/abolitionist/leader of PA Anti-Slavery Society 6. Winfield Hancock 7. Samuel Kier G. General who led Union forces at Battle of Gettysburg H. President from Pennsylvania prior to the Civil War 8. Abraham Lincoln I. Led more than 300 slaves to freedom prior to Civil War 9. Lucretia Mott J. Built the 1st profitable steamboat with a paddlewheel 10. George McClellan K. Built 1st American locomotive run by steam 11. George Meade L. Built a steamboat launched in 1787 in Philadelphia 12. Galusha Pennypacker M. Drilled the 1st successful oil well in 1859 13. John Roebling 14. Thaddeus Stevens 15. Harriet Tubman 16. James Watt

Turn the Page.

Column B

Fill-in-the-Blanks (16 pts.) The word table below contains some of the Key Words studied in Chapter 4. Below are statements that describe these key terms. Use words from the word table to fill in the blanks with the **best** answer for each statement. **Four choices in the word table will not be used.** Note: Cross off words that you have used.

aqueduct	bankrupt	boomtowns	canal	civil war
coke	derrick	ferryboat	forges	freight
good	greenbacks	hearth stove	investors	locks
pike	portage	secession	service	tollgate

1.	A structure built to help in the early production of petroleum?	1)
2.	Withdrawing from the United States Union was known as?	2)
3.	Fighting that erupts between citizens of the same country?	3)
4.	People who put capital into a new invention are called?	4)
5.	To carry a canoe or freight on land between 2 bodies of water?	5)
6.	Special water bridges to carry a canal over a river?	6)
7.	Places where people shape metal products through heat?	7)
8.	Place where people or vehicles stopped to pay a road bill?	8)
9.	Building locomotives was an example of a/an?	9)
10.	Places that grew very quickly became known as?	10)
11.	This invention allowed a safer way of making steam for trains?	11)
12.	By-product of soft coal used as a fuel for iron smelting?	12)
13.	A gate used in early road development?	13)
14.	Structures used to raise or lower boats to different levels?	14)
15.	Delivering locomotives sold to railroad people is called a/an?	15)
16.	When a company runs out of money to pay its bills?	16

Turn the Page.

Short	Answer	(14)	nts.)	۱
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Using at least two examples , explain what is meant by "as a more efficient transportation tem came along, it replaced an inefficient transportation system as a means of moving raw terials, people, and products." (4 pts.)
What were two main reasons the American Civil War was fought? (2 pts.)
How did the turnpike get its name? (2 pts.)
Describe the main difference between the Conestoga wagon and the prairie schooner? (2 pts.)
Cite two ways canals developed early industrial growth in PA? (2 pts.)
What two transportation industries did the railroad replace? (2 pts.)